Name:	Index No. <u>easyWel.co</u>
2601/105 2603/105	
2602/105	Candidate's Signature:
ELECTRICAL AND SOLAR INSTALLATION	
TECHNOLOGY	
June/July 2015	Date:
Time: 3 hours	

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (POWER OPTION) (TELECOMMUNICATION OPTION)

(INSTRUMENTATION OPTION)
MODULE I

Tute of Sciona

1 JUL 2015

10400

ELECTRICAL AND SOLAR INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.

Sign and write the date of the examination in the spaces provided above.

You should have an electronic calculator and drawing instruments for this examination.

This paper consists of TWO sections A and B. Answer FIVE questions as follows:

Answer any THREE questions from section A and any TWO questions

from section B in the spaces provided in this question paper.

All questions carry equal marks.

Do NOT remove any pages from this booklet.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
		20	
A		20	
		20	
D		20	
В	A.	20	
		Total Score	

This paper consists of 20 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

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SECTION:A

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

	(4.)	Dille		
		(i)	advantages of the grid system;	
		(ii)	authorities involved in power production.	(6 marks)
	(b)	With a	aid of a labelled diagram, explain how a hydroelectric power statio	n operates. (8 marks)
	(c)	Draw	labelled circuits diagrams of power distributions systems.	
		(i)	D.C three wire;	
		(ii)	A.C two phase three wire.	(6 marks)
2.	(a)	(i)	Complete the following cable abbreviations and state an applicat	ion for each.
			(I) P.C.P	LIBRARIAN
			(II) MIMS	3 1 JUL 2015
		(ii)	Outline the procedure for making a married joint.	0. 80x 414 - 00900 XIR
	(b)	(i)	Describe the 'vertical rising mains' trunking wiring system.	The state of the s
		(ii)	Outline the procedure of laying an underground cable.	(9 marks)
	(c)	Expla	nin the 'horizontal cabling' system structure.	(3 marks)
3.	(a)	(i)	Define 'fire alarm system'.	×
		(ii)	Explain the purpose of a fire alarm system.	(6 marks)
	(b)	(i)	With aid of a circuit diagram, explain the operation of a closed i system;	ntruder alarm
		(ii)	State three advantages of the system in (b)(i).	(10 marks)
	(e)	Draw	v a labelled diagram of a trembler bell.	(4 marks)

- 4. (a) Name **two** electrical measuring instruments and state the quantity they measure. (2 marks)
 - (b) Draw a labelled diagram of a 6-way consumer unit and indicate the ratings and cable sizes of each of the following final circuits.
 - (i) lighting circuit;
 - (ii) ring circuit;
 - (iii) water heater;
 - (iv) cooker circuit.

(8 marks)

- (c) With aid of a circuit diagram describe the procedure for carrying out polarity test on a dead circuit. (6 marks)
- (d) Distinguish between a simmerstat and a thermostat.

(4 marks)

- 5. (a) Define the following terms as used in electrical circuit protection:
 - (i) fusing factor;
 - (ii) fusing current.

(2 marks)

- (b) (i) State four advantages of circuit breakers over fuses.
 - (ii) Draw a labelled diagram of a high breaking capacity fuse.

(9 marks)

(c) With aid of a labelled diagram, show how an earth loop impedance test is carried out.

(9 marks)



SECTION B: MATERIALS

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

6.	(a)	Define the following solar energy terminologies:			
		(i)	radiation;		
		(ii)	solar constant.	(4 marks)	
	(b)	Expla	ain the following solar energy harvesting devices and state one	application of each:	
		(i)	simple reflector;		
e e		(ii)	parabolic dishes.	(6 marks)	

- (d) With the aid of a labelled diagram, describe the constructional and working principle of flat plate collector in solar water heating. (7 marks)
- (a) Define the following in relation to solar installation:(i) array;

appliance.

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(3 marks)

(b) (i) State two factors that determine the output of a solar cell.

Explain the reason for tracking and tilting of solar devices.

- (ii) Distinguish between monocrystalline and polycrystalline solar cells. (8 marks)
- (c) Explain the:

(ii)

(c)

- (i) low voltage disconnect in a charge controller;
- (ii) difference between a voltage converter and an voltage inverter.

(10 marks)

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- (i) tests carried out in a solar installation;
- (ii) precautions when handling lead-acid batteries.

(4 marks)

(b) Describe **two** methods of measuring the state of charge of a battery.

(4 marks)

(c) Table 1 represents a troubleshooting guide for solar installation.

Complete the table to indicate the possible causes and remedies for each problem.

(6 marks)

Table 1

	Problem	Cause(s)	Remedy(s)
(i)	Solar module has low or no power output		
(ii)	Battery gets easily discharged		
(iii)	No current is flowing to battery from the charge controller		

- (d) Table 2 shows a 12V d.c. solar domestic system for lamps and appliances. The ratings and number of hours per day are as shown. Determine the:
 - (i) daily energy requirement for each lamp/appliance and fill the table; .
 - (ii) total daily energy requirement for the whole system;
 - (iii) system daily ampere hours, assuming no losses.

(6 marks)

Table 2

Lamp/appliance	Number	Rating (watts)	Number of hours of use/day (Hrs)	Daily energy requirement (watt hours)
Indoor lights	4	6	3	
Outdoor lights	1	8	1	
14' colour T.V	1	70	3	
Radio	1	10	3	
Phone charger	1	5	I	
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